

# JWT Authentication in OpenSIPS



 opensips



 VOICENTER

# About me



## CTO & Founders of Voicenter LTD

Voicenter provides cloud contact center solutions and services for Businesses, enterprises and telcos, With global coverage using flexible distributed topologies.



More than 15 years of business experience in establishing and managing large scale networks and information technology systems. Involved with several open source projects.



# About me



## Opensips Core Developer

Coding, building and integrating OpenSIPS based platforms for more than 10 years



# Agenda

1. **Digest Authentication limitations**
2. **What is JWT ?**
3. **AUTH\_JWT OpenSIPS Module**
4. **JSSIP JWT implementation**
5. **Use cases**
6. **Authentication Provider Integration - OAuth**
7. **OAuth Demo**
8. **Questions**

# Digest Authentication limitations

1. Doing only Authentication not giving us any Authorization
2. Lack of expression
3. MD5 is not secure
4. Subscriber Table sizing problem
5. No safe way for third party auth integration
6. No ability for SSO or Dual-factor authentication.



# What is JWT

**J**SON **W**eb **T**okens are an open, industry standard RFC 7519 method for representing claims securely between two parties (jwt.io snapshot)

Encoded PASTE A TOKEN HERE

```
eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJzdWIiOiIxMjM0NTY3ODkwIiwibmFtZSI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJ3ZWZmIjoiWF0iLCJpdiIjoiNTE2Mz9022IiwiaWF0IjoiMTU1NjMz9022In0.eyJ3ZWZmIjoiWF0iLCJpdiIjoiNTE2Mz9022In0.eyJ3ZWZmIjoiWF0iLCJpdiIjoiNTE2Mz9022In0
```

Decoded EDIT THE PAYLOAD AND SECRET

HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE

```
{
  "alg": "HS256",
  "typ": "JWT"
}
```

PAYLOAD: DATA

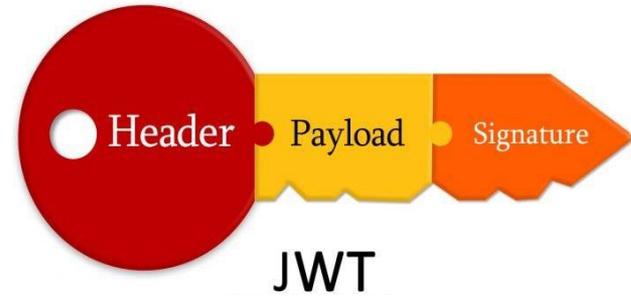
```
{
  "sub": "1234567890",
  "name": "Doctoe Evil",
  "iat": 1516239022
}
```

VERIFY SIGNATURE

```
HMACSHA256(
  base64UrlEncode(header) + "." +
  base64UrlEncode(payload),
  WeLoveOpensips
)  secret base64 encoded
```

# What is JWT

A well-formed JWT consists of three concatenated Base64url-encoded strings, separated by dots (.):



## 1. JOSE - Header:

contains metadata about the type of token and the cryptographic algorithms used to secure its contents.

## 2. JWS - payload (set of claims):

contains verifiable security statements, such as the identity of the user and the permissions they are allowed.

## 3. JWS signature:

used to validate that the token is trustworthy and has not been tampered with. When you use a JWT, you must check its signature before storing and using it.

# JWT over SIP

<https://tools.ietf.org/id/draft-ietf-sipcore-sip-token-authnz-02.html>



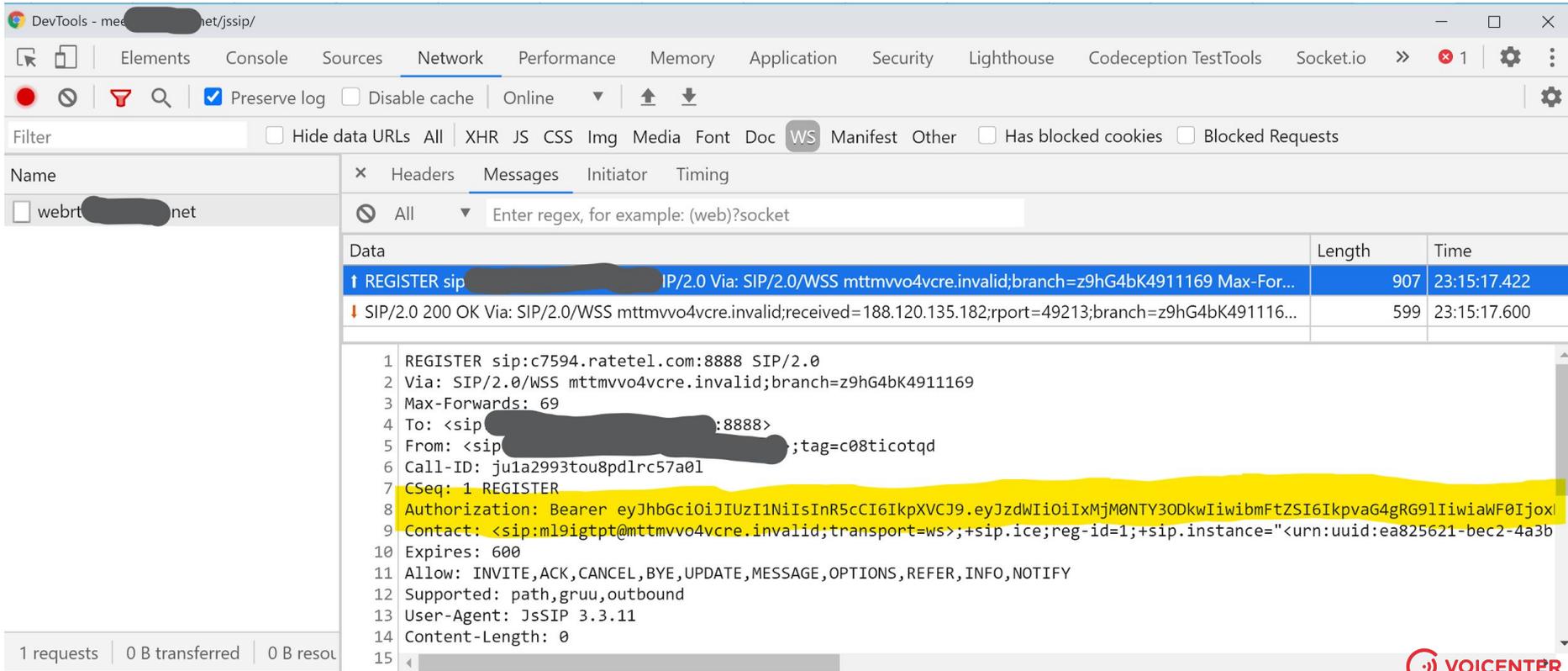
SIP Core	R. Shekh-Yusef, Ed.
Internet-Draft	Avaya
Updates: 3261 (if approved)	C. Holmberg
Intended status: Standards Track	Ericsson
Expires: January 8, 2020	V. Pascual
	webrtchecks
	July 7, 2019

## Third-Party Token-based Authentication and Authorization for Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)

draft-ietf-sipcore-sip-token-authnz-02



# JWT over SIP



The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools Network tab with the 'Messages' sub-tab selected. A SIP REGISTER request is highlighted in blue. The request body is highlighted in yellow and contains the following text:

```
1 REGISTER sip:c7594.ratetel.com:8888 SIP/2.0
2 Via: SIP/2.0/WSS mttmvvo4vcre.invalid;branch=z9hG4bK4911169
3 Max-Forwards: 69
4 To: <sip:[REDACTED]:8888>
5 From: <sip:[REDACTED];tag=c08ticotqd
6 Call-ID: ju1a2993tou8pd1rc57a0l
7 CSeq: 1 REGISTER
8 Authorization: Bearer eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJzdWIiOiIxMjM0NTY3ODkwIiwiaWF0Ijox
9 Contact: <sip:ml9igtpt@mttmvvo4vcre.invalid;transport=ws>;sip.ice;reg-id=1;+sip.instance="urn:uuid:ea825621-bec2-4a3b
10 Expires: 600
11 Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, UPDATE, MESSAGE, OPTIONS, REFER, INFO, NOTIFY
12 Supported: path,gruu,outbound
13 User-Agent: JsSIP 3.3.11
14 Content-Length: 0
```

The response is a 200 OK message, also highlighted in blue. The response body is highlighted in yellow and contains the following text:

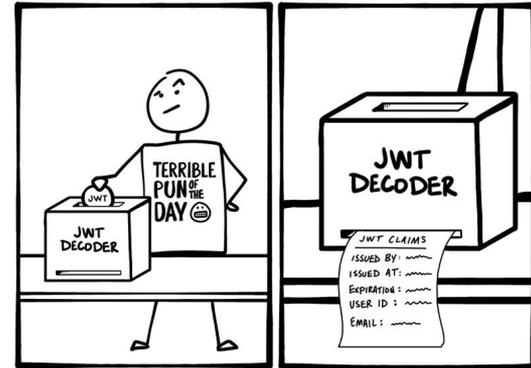
```
1 SIP/2.0 200 OK Via: SIP/2.0/WSS mttmvvo4vcre.invalid;received=188.120.135.182;rport=49213;branch=z9hG4bK491116...
```

The table below summarizes the request and response data:

Data	Length	Time
↑ REGISTER sip:[REDACTED] IP/2.0 Via: SIP/2.0/WSS mttmvvo4vcre.invalid;branch=z9hG4bK4911169 Max-For...	907	23:15:17.422
↓ SIP/2.0 200 OK Via: SIP/2.0/WSS mttmvvo4vcre.invalid;received=188.120.135.182;rport=49213;branch=z9hG4bK491116...	599	23:15:17.600

# AUTH\_JWT OpenSIPS modules

- `loadmodule "auth_jwt.so"`
- `modparam("auth_jwt", "db_url", "mysql://opensips:opensipsrw@127.0.0.1/opensips")`
- `modparam("auth_jwt", "profiles_table", "jwt_profiles")`
- `modparam("auth_jwt", "secrets_table", "jwt_secrets")`
- `modparam("auth_jwt", "load_credentials", "profile_info")`



# AUTH\_JWT OpenSIPS module - jwt\_profiles table

id INT(11)	tag VARCHAR(128)	sip_username VARCHAR(64)	profile_info VARCHAR(2048)
▶ 3	space-monkey	tyler.durden	{"FOO": "BAR"}

```
CREATE TABLE opensips.jwt_profiles (  
  id int(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,  
  tag varchar(128) DEFAULT NULL,  
  sip username varchar(64) DEFAULT NULL,  
  profile info varchar(2048) DEFAULT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY (id)  
)
```

# AUTH\_JWT OpenSIPS module - jwt\_secrets table

id INT(11)	corresponding_tag VARCHAR(128)	secret VARCHAR(1024)	start_ts INT(11)	end_ts INT(11)
▶ 8	space-monkey	ThefirstruleofFightclubisyoudonottalkaboutfig...	1583239007	2084325407

```
CREATE TABLE opensips.jwt_secrets (  
  id int(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,  
  corresponding_tag varchar(128) DEFAULT NULL,  
  secret varchar(1024) DEFAULT NULL,  
  start_ts int(11) DEFAULT NULL,  
  end_ts int(11) DEFAULT NULL,  
  PRIMARY KEY (id)  
)
```

# AUTH\_JWT OpenSIPS module - Usage example

```
modparam("auth_jwt", "tag_claim", "iss")

if ($hdr(Authorization) =~ "Bearer") {

    $var jwt_token = $(hdr(Authorization){s.select,1,}{s.trim});

    if (jwt_authorize("$var jwt_token",$avp(decoded_jwt),$avp(out_username))) {

        if ($fU != $avp(out_username)) {

            send_reply(403,"Forbidden SIP ID");

            exit;

        }

        xlog("JWT auth - profile info = $avp(profile_info) \n");

    }

}
```

HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE

```
{
  "alg": "RS256",
  "typ": "JWT"
}
```

PAYLOAD: DATA

```
"iss": "space-monkey",
"email": "space-monkey@opensips.org",
"email_verified": true,
"pstn_dial" : true
}
```

# AUTH\_JWT OpenSIPS module - jwt\_authorize function

**jwt\_authorize** ( jwt\_token, out\_decoded\_token, out\_sip\_username)

The function will read the first param (jwt\_token) and extract the tag claim



populates the `out_decoded_token` pvar with the decoded JWT, the `out_sip_username` with the SIP username corresponding to that JWT profile, and loads all columns listed in the `load_credentials` modparam.

```
send_reply("401","Unauthorized");
```

# JSSIP JWT implementation

🔗 Version 3.4.0 (released in 2020-03-29)

- Add `authorization_jwt` configuration parameter (#610). Credits to @voicenter.



```
var socket = new window.JsSIP.WebSocketInterface( 'wss://webrtc.space-monkey.com.net');
```

```
var configuration = {  
  sockets : [ socket ],  
  session_timers: false,  
  uri      : 'sip:tyler.durden@webrtc.space-monkey.net',  
  authorization_jwt : "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXLTUxMjM0NTY3ODk0IiwiaWF0IjoiMTUxMjM0NTY3ODk0In0=";  
};
```

```
window.ua = new window.JsSIP.UA(configuration);  
window.ua.start();
```

# Use cases - How should we use it ?

- WebRTC Web systems integration
- Zero provisioning registrations
- S-S-S-O: Sip Single-Sign-On
- Advanced permission management
- Third party permission grant



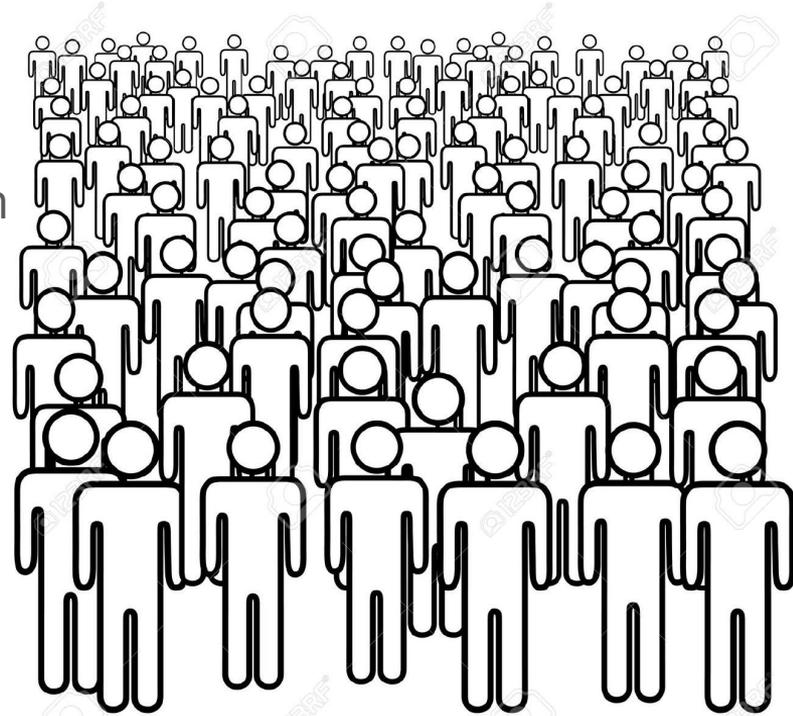
# Existing application SIP integration

- CRM and ERP phone integration
- self service portal: click-to-call customers support
- Mobile app auth mechanism
- online games conferencing integration



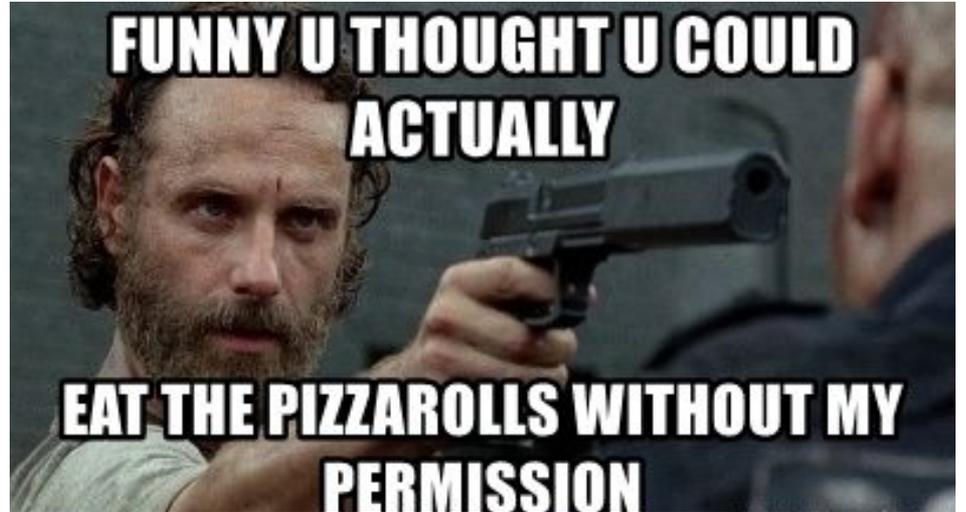
# Zero provisioning registrations

1. Huge amount of potential users
2. Public access with need for authentication
3. Short time user's life cycle



# Advanced permission management

1. Call center advance call action
  - a. Eavesdropping
  - b. Whispering
  - c. Conferencing
2. International Calls restriction
3. IP based restriction
4. Conference rooms restriction



# S-S-S-O - Sip Single Sign On

1. Save on login time
2. Enjoy Auth provider security policy
3. Save on IT deployment cost
4. SSO became a standard in the business application
5. Reduce human-factor related risks involved credentials handling.

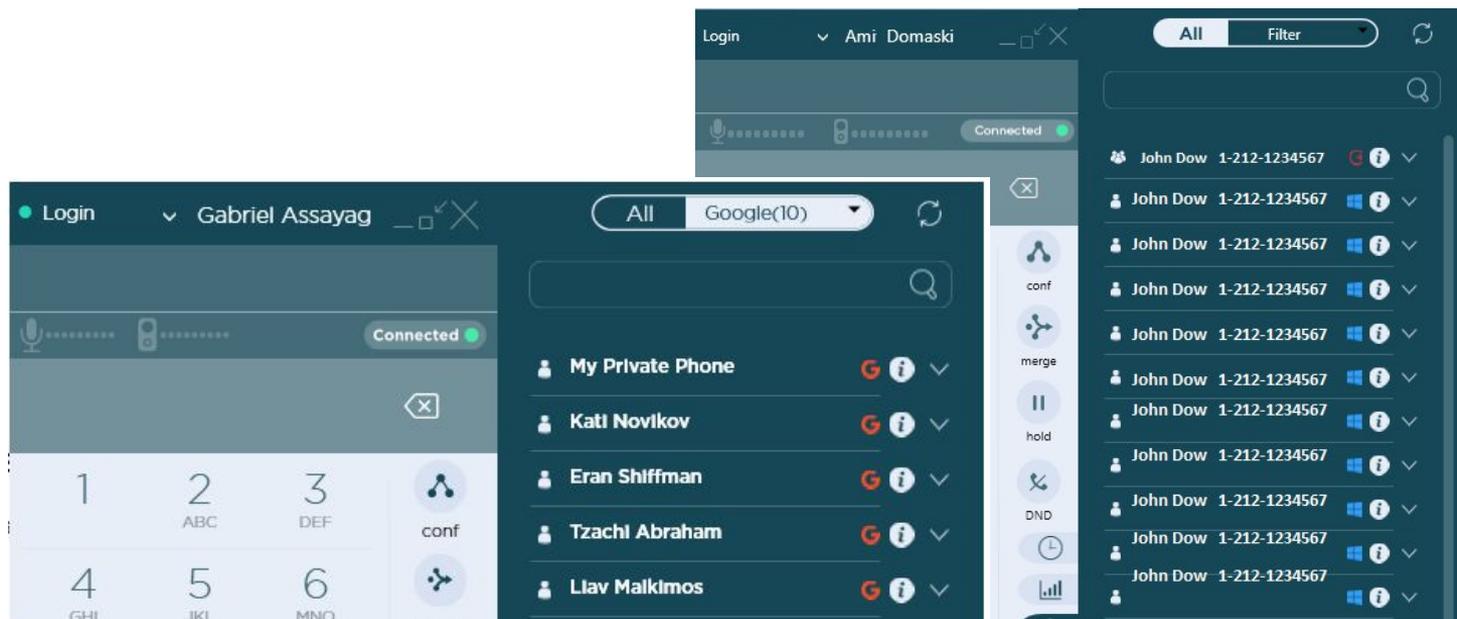
A screenshot of a login form for 'VOICENTER'. The form is dark teal with white text and input fields. It includes fields for 'Email' (with the example 'John.doe@voicenter.com') and 'Password'. Below the fields is a 'Login' button. At the bottom, there are four social login options: 'Login with Google' (red button), 'Login with Microsoft' (blue button), 'Login with Okta' (grey button), and 'Login with Onelogin' (grey button). The VOICENTER logo is at the top center.

# Third party permission grant

1. Get list of contact for caller name and contact integrations
2. Store a Record on storage provider cloud on clients buckets
3. Create activity in CRM's on the call made with a client in the client activity log

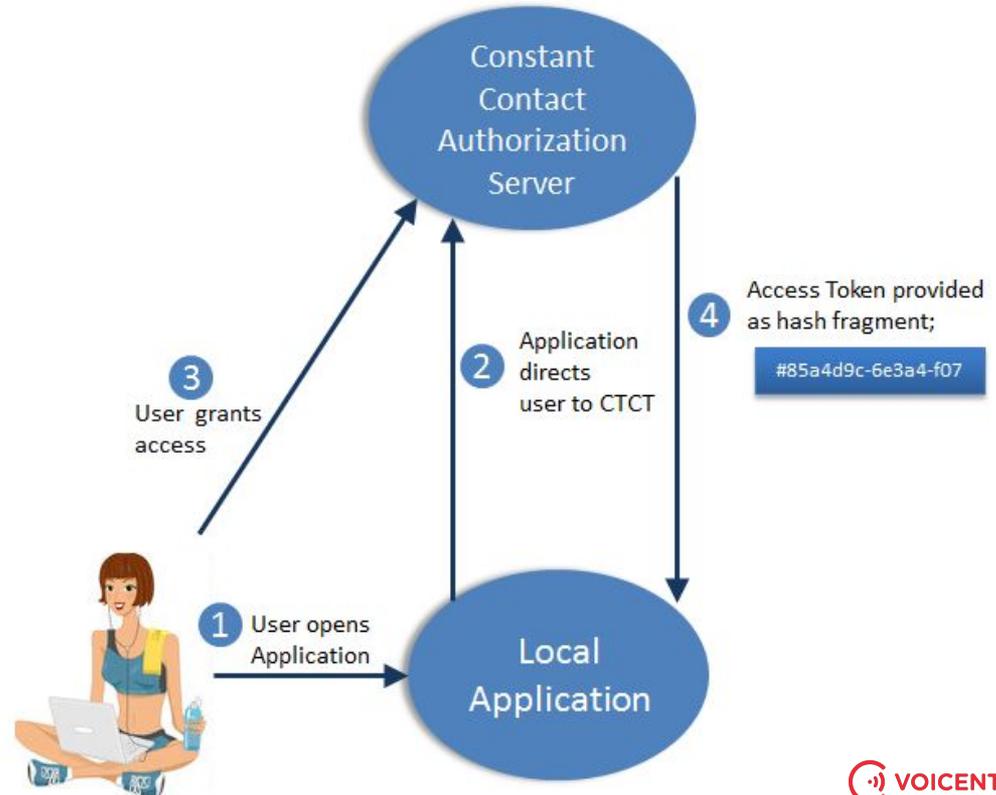


And many more...



# Authentication Provider Integration - OAuth

OAuth is an open-standard authorization protocol or framework that describes how unrelated servers and services can safely allow authenticated access to their assets without actually sharing the initial, related, single logon credential.



# SIP OAuth Flow

## Step 1 – The user shows intent

- **Joe (user):** “Hi Voicenter. I would like to make a call and save its recording”
- **Voicenter (user application):** “Great! Let me go to Google to ask for permission.”

## Step 2 – Voicenter (user application) gets permission

- **Voicenter (user application):** “Hello Google , i have a user that would like to make a call and save its recording at your storage. Can I have a request token?”
- **Google Cloud Storage (Service Provider):** “Sure. Here’s a token and a secret.”

The secret is used to prevent request forgery. The application uses the secret to sign each request so that the service provider can verify it is actually coming from the consumer application.

# SIP OAuth Flow

## Step 3 – The User Is Redirected to the Service Provider

- **Voicenter:** “OK, Joe. I’m sending you over to Google so you can approve. Take this token with you.”
- **Joe:** “OK!”

<Voicenter directs Joe to Google for authorization>

## Step 4 – The User Gives Permission

- **Joe:** “Google, I’d like to authorize this request token that Voicenter gave me.”
- **Google:** “OK, just to be sure, you want to authorize Voicenter to make a call and store the call recording file in your Google storage account?”
- **Joe:** “Yes!”
- **Google:** “OK, you can go back to Voicenter callback ,and tell them there that they have permission to use that token ”

Google marks the request token as “good-to-go,” so when the Application requests access, it will be accepted (so long as it’s signed using their shared secret).

# SIP OAuth Flow

## Step 5 – The Application obtains an access token

- **Joe:** “Google gave me that token , can i register my phone ?”
- **Google:** “Sure, i can see it was sing by google , you are 200 Super OK ,”

## Step 6 – The application accesses the protected resource

- **Voicenter:** “I’d like to to store this call on your storage . Here’s my JWT token!”
- **Google:** “Done!”

# OAuth SIP cake recipe

- 1 Login HTML page
- 1 Phone Html page
- 3 js functions (GetConfig, Register ,Call) JSSIP implementation
- 1 Web Server backend OAuth login
- 1+ Auth provider application config
- 2 Auth provider public signature
- 1 shot of espresso



# Login HTML page

/public/Login.js

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>Title</title>
</head>
<body>
<form action="/connect/google" method="POST" accept-charset="utf-8">
  <fieldset>
    <div>
      <button>Submit</button>
    </div>
  </fieldset>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

# Phone HTML page

/public/Phone.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <script src="https://jssip.net/download/releases/jssip-3.5.7.js"></script>
  <script src="call.js"></script>
  <title>Title</title>
</head>
<body>
<button onClick="Register()"> Register</button>
<button onClick="Call()"> Call</button>
</body>
</html>
```

# 3 JS functions (GetConfig, Register ,Call) JSSIP implementation

```
function GetConfig() {
  const urlParams = new URLSearchParams(window.location.search);
  if(urlParams.get("token"))token=urlParams.get("token");
  console.log("token",token)
  var configuration = {
    sockets : [ new window.JsSIP.WebSocketInterface('wss://webrtc.officering.net:8888') ],
    session_timers: false,
    uri : 'sip:oauth@webrtc.officering.net',
    authorization_jwt : "Bearer "+token
  };
  return configuration
}

function Register() {
  window.ua = new window.JsSIP.UA(GetConfig());
  window.ua.start();
}

function Call() {
  window.ua.activeCall = window.ua.call('sip:6001@webrtc.officering.net',{mediaConstraints: {'audio': true, 'video': false}});
  window.ua.activeCall.connection.addEventListener('addstream', (e) => {
    console.log("addstream",e);
    var audio = document.createElement('audio');
    audio.srcObject = e.stream;
    audio.play();
  });
}
```

/public/call.js

# Web Server backend OAuth login

/server.js

```
var fastify = require('fastify')
var cookie = require('fastify-cookie')
var session = require('fastify-session')
var parser = require('fastify-formbody')
var grant = require('grant').fastify()
const path = require('path')
fastify()
  .register(cookie)
  .register(session, {secret: '01234567890123456789012345678912', cookie: {secure: false}})
  .register(parser)
  .register(grant(require('./config')))
  .register(require('fastify-static'), {root: path.join(__dirname, 'public'), prefix: '/' })
  .route({method: 'GET', path: '/', handler: async (req, res) => {
    if(req.session && req.session.grant && req.session.grant.response){
      res.redirect("/Phone.html?token="+req.session.grant.response.raw.id_token);
    }else{
      res.redirect("/Login.html");
    }
  }})
  .listen(3001)
```

# Google Oauth application config

Google APIs voicenter-tracker

Search for APIs and Services

API Client ID for Web application

DOWNLOAD JSON RESET SECRET DELETE

Name \*  
Web Login test

The name of your OAuth 2.0 client. This name is only used to identify the client in the console and will not be shown to end users.

Client ID 772591582...qvodn1crodogifd8.apps.googleusercontent.com

Client secret 9tvW...intRH

Creation date August 18, 2020 at 10:11:22 PM GMT+3

The domains of the URIs you add below will be automatically added to your OAuth consent screen as authorized domains.

Authorized JavaScript origins

For use with requests from a browser

URIs

http://127.0.0.1:3000

https://summitdemo.officering.net

+ ADD URI

Authorized redirect URIs

For use with requests from a web server

URIs

http://127.0.0.1:3000/connect/google/callback

https://summitdemo.officering.net/connect/google/callback

+ ADD URI

SAVE CANCEL

<https://console.developers.google.com/>



# Google Oauth application config

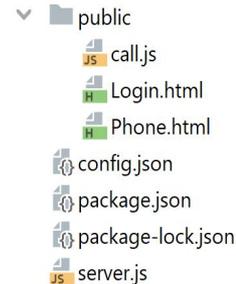
/config.js

```
{
  "defaults": {
    "origin": "http://localhost:3001",
    "transport": "session"
  },
  "google": {
    "key": "772*****d8.apps.googleusercontent.com",
    "secret": "9t*****htRH",
    "dynamic": ["scope"],
    "scope": ["openid", "email", "https://www.googleapis.com/auth/admin.directory.user.alias.readonly"],
    "response": ["raw", "jwt"],
    "callback": "/"
  }
}
```



# Instruction checklist

- **Step 1 - Make a new folder and run**
  - i. `> npm init -y`
  - ii. `> npm install -s grant fastify-formbody fastify-session fastify-cookie fastify fastify-static`
- **Step 2 - Create 5 files**
  - i. `public/Login.html`
  - ii. `public/Phone.html`
  - iii. `public/call.js`
  - iv. `/config.js`
  - v. `/server.js`
- **Step 3 - Create Google OAuth application config , and add the **key** and **secret** on /config.js**  
<https://console.developers.google.com/>  
<https://developers.google.com/identity/protocols/oauth2>
- **Step 4 - Import Google JWT public signature**
- **Step 5 - Run the server.js file :**  
`> node server.js`



Enjoy your cake over `http://127.0.0.1:3000`

# How it will look



1>

← → ↻ ⓘ 127.0.0.1:3000/Login.html

Submit

2>

 Sign in with Google

Choose an account  
to continue to [Voicenter Oauth test](#)

3>

← → ↻ ⓘ 127.0.0.1:3000/Phone.html?token=eyJhbGciOiJS

Register Call

DevTools - 127.0.0.1:3000/Phone.html?token=eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6IjNmMzMyYjNlOWI5MjZmU1MwJjZjRmOGRhNTQyM0YmQ5ZDQ3MjQlICJ0eXAI0iKvYjQlOjE

Elements Console Sources Network Performance Memory Application Security Lighthouse C

Filter Hide data URLs All XHR JS CSS Img Media Font Doc WS Manifest Other Has blocked c

Name Headers Messages Initiator Timing

webtrc.officering.net Enter regex, for example: (web)?socket

Data

```
1 REGISTER sip:webtrc.officering.net SIP/2.0 Via: SIP/2.0/WSS 1r23ap1d1goa.invalid;branch=z9hG4k77
2 SIP/2.0 200 OK Via: SIP/2.0/WSS 1r23ap1d1goa.invalid;received=188.120.135.182;rport=54849;br
3 INVITE sip:6001@webtrc.officering.net SIP/2.0 Via: SIP/2.0/WSS 1r23ap1d1goa.invalid;branch=z9hG4k77
4 REGISTER sip:webtrc.officering.net SIP/2.0
5 Via: SIP/2.0/WSS 1r23ap1d1goa.invalid;branch=z9hG4k77051853
6 Max-Forwards: 69
7 To: <sip:oauth@webtrc.officering.net>
8 From: <sip:oauth@webtrc.officering.net>;tag=p8pc7o8hq7
9 Call-ID: r7rks4odkh3o14qmbgc8
10 CSeq: 1 REGISTER
11 Authorization: Bearer eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6IjNmMzMyYjNlOWI5MjZmU1MwJjZjRmOGRhNTQyM0YmQ5ZDQ3MjQlICJ0eXAI0iKvYjQlOjE
12 Contact: <sip:2rm@conu@1r23ap1d1goa.invalid;transport=ws>;sip.ice;reg-id
13 Expires: 600
14 Allow: INVITE, ACK, CANCEL, BYE, UPDATE, MESSAGE, OPTIONS, REFER, INFO, NOTIFY
15 Supported: path, gruu, outbound
16 User-Agent: 3sSIP 3.5.7
17 Content-Length: 0
18
```

1 / 4 requests | 0 B / 809 B transferred

# Invite the media server

```
if ($json(json_body) != NULL && $json(json_body/email) != NULL) {  
    xlog("XXXX - OAuth email $json(json_body/email) \n");  
    append_hf("X-OAUTH: $json(json_body/email) \r\n");  
    $avp(email)= $json(json_body/email);  
    $avp(emailName)=$(avp(email){s.select,0,@});  
    $avp(emailUri)="sip:" + $avp(emailName) + "@" + $fd;  
    uac_replace_from("$avp(emailName)","sip:$avp(emailName)@$fd");  
}
```

```
Call flow for ge9keo90e3kg688hmf0e (Color by Request/Response)  
192.168.201.231:5060      192.168.201.27:5060 >INVITE sip:6001@webrtc.officering.net SIP/2.0  
      Record-Route: <sip:192.168.201.231;r2=on;lr;ftag=q9g1n8fkso;did=eb4.b2d4b093>  
      Record-Route: <sip:209.163.136.231:8888;transport=wss;r2=on;lr;ftag=q9g1n8fkso;did=eb4.b2d4b093>  
13:13:05.531497 x INVITE (SDP) x xVia: SIP/2.0/UDP 192.168.201.231:5060;branch=z9hG4bKa6b7.7036447.0;cid=202;i=4dd490d7  
+0.001161 x <qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq> x xVia: SIP/2.0/WSS ebepftjppjqo.invalid;rport=63009;received=188.120.135.182;branch=z9hG4bK7493643  
13:13:05.532658 x 100 Trying x xMax-Forwards: 68  
+1.013622 x <qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq> x xTo: <sip:6001@webrtc.officering.net>  
13:13:06.546280 x 200 OK (SDP) x xFrom: shlomi <sip:shlomi@webrtc.officering.net>;tag=q9g1n8fkso  
+0.188710 x <qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq> x xCall-ID: ge9keo90e3kg688hmf0e  
13:13:06.734990 x ACK x xCSeq: 196 INVITE  
      <qqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqqq> x xContact: <sip:at7jllqp@188.120.135.182:63009;transport=ws;ob>  
x xContent-Type: application/sdp  
x xAllow: INVITE,ACK,CANCEL,BYE,UPDATE,MESSAGE,OPTIONS,REFER,INFO,NOTIFY  
x xSupported: ice,replaces,outbound  
x xUser-Agent: JsSIP 3.5.7  
x xContent-Length: 1035  
x xX-OAUTH: shlomi@starkey.co.il  
x xX-APP-NAME : Conference
```

Thank you ....

